

# LOVE2BREW

## BELGIAN WITBIER (EXTRACT)



Belgian Witbiers are a refreshing, easy to drink beer that showcases zesty and sweet citrus flavors combined with slight herbal spice notes and a distinct yeast character. When you brew our Belgian Witbier you will use fresh sweet orange peels in combination with ground coriander to create a true to style classic. Also known as a White Ales due to their hazy appearance this golden ale will pour with a fluffy white head that will feel soft and creamy in texture at first sip but will finish crisp and slightly dry. This is an incredibly palatable beer popular during warmer months but enjoyed by many throughout the year.

### KIT STATISTICS

- 2 Weeks Primary Fermentation
- 2 Weeks Bottle Conditioning
- Original Gravity: 1.052
- 5.3% ABV (Estimated)
- IBUs: 10.9
- SRM: 5.1 (Gold)
- 60 Minute Boil

### HOMEBREW KIT CONTENTS

#### Malts & Specialty Grains

- 3 lb. Pilsner Malt Extract
- 3 lb. Wheat Malt Extract

#### Hops

- 1 oz. German Hallertau (Bittering)

#### Yeast Choices

- Safbrew T-58
- White Labs Belgian Wit Ale Yeast (WLP400)
- Wyeast Belgian Witbier Yeast (3944)

#### Other

- Spice Pack
- 5 oz. Priming Sugar

### EQUIPMENT:

- Brew Kettle (3.5+ gallon capacity)
- Thermometer & Hydrometer
- Fermentation Vessel
- Stirring Spoon
- Airlock
- Blow off tubing
- Bottles
- Racking Equipment
- Sanitizer

### GETTING STARTED:

- If you haven't already done so read the "Basic of Brewing" guide included in your equipment kit.
  - Read over the entire contents of this recipe before you brew. This will help avoid any errors. You are adding the malt extract in two separate additions for this batch.
  - Upon receiving your kit refrigerate your yeast. One day before your brew day remove your yeast from your refrigerator and allow it reach room temperature. (~70°F)
  - Clean and Sanitize all equipment thoroughly; poor sanitization could ruin an otherwise perfect batch.
  - Crush grains: Many of our grains come pre-crushed; however it never hurts to examine your specialty grains first. If un-crushed simply using a rolling pin to crush grains.
  - You'll need approximately 3 hours to complete this brew. Schedule accordingly.
  - Homebrew (To enjoy in moderation while brewing)\*
- \*Optional

## BREW YOUR BEER

1. Add 3 gallons of water to your boil kettle. Bring the water to a boil.
2. Add 3 lb. Pilsner Malt Extract. Stir.
3. Add 3 lb. Wheat Malt Extract. Stir.
4. At this point your mixture is now wort (pronounced "wert"; defined as unfermented beer). Allow your wort to return to a boil. Be sure to observe your boil so as to avoid a messy boil-over.
5. Once the foaming subsides begin your 60 minute boil process. Timing is referred to by minutes left in the boil.
6. 60 Minutes: Add 1 oz. German Hallertau for bittering.
7. 5 Minutes: Add spice pack to the boil.
8. Boil for the final 5 minutes.
9. After your wort is done boiling it is very important you cool it as quickly as possible to avoid potential infections. Create an ice bath (ice and water) in your sink and set the brew kettle in it. You need to cool your wort down to 90°F or lower.

## COOLING / TRANSFERRING

1. By now all of your equipment should be already sanitized; if not sanitize your screw cap, fermenting vessel, airlock, siphon, and tubing.
2. Fill your primary fermentor with 1 gallon of cold water.
3. Pour your cooled wort into the primary fermentor. Avoid dumping the sludge on the bottom into your fermentor.
4. Add cold water as needed to bring wort up to 5 gallons of liquid ensuring that it is below 70°F.
5. Seal the fermentor and aerate the wort by rocking the fermenting vessel back and forth a bit. Other options include using an aeration system or diffusion stone.
6. Measure Specific Gravity of the wort with your hydrometer and record.
7. Add yeast to fermenting vessel. It is important that the wort temperature not be above 70°F when adding the yeast.
8. Seal the fermentor. Add an airlock or blow-off tube.

## FERMENTING

1. Move fermenting vessel to a room temperature dark spot (approximately 68°F).
2. You will observe active fermentation within about 48 hours. You want to maintain the temperature of approximately 68°F.
3. After about 1-2 weeks your active fermentation will stop. At this point if you have a blow off tube attached you may remove it and add an airlock to the vessel.
4. After two weeks you are ready to bottle or keg your beer.

## BOTTLING / CARBONATING

1. Sanitize your bottles, bottle caps, bottling bucket, siphon tubing, siphon, and bottling wand.
2. Add priming sugar to 16 oz. of water and bring the mixture to a boil using your stove. Let cool and add to your bottling bucket.
3. Gently siphon beer into bottling bucket; avoid splashing.
4. Fill and cap bottles.
5. Condition bottles for 2 weeks at room temperature.
6. After 2 weeks you may store the bottles in a cool/cold location if carbonated.

## ENJOY!

1. Pour your homebrew into a clean glass. For aesthetic reasons many people avoid pouring the yeast in but it won't hurt you!
2. Smell the beer, a few short sniffs. Taste. Allow beer to cover the tongue, swallow. Smile. Life is good.

If you have any questions while brewing your beer call us at 1.888.654.5511 or email [support@love2brew.com](mailto:support@love2brew.com). We're open 7 days a week to help you brew the best beer possible!

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